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SPECIALTY GARDEN CENTER



**Sherwood's Early Red Heath\***  
*Erica carnea 'Sherwood's Early Red'*

Plant Height: 8 inches

Flower Height: 12 inches

Spread: 24 inches

Sunlight: ☉

Hardiness Zone: 5b

Other Names: Spring Heath, Snow Heath, Winter Heath

**Description:**

A choice groundcover for poor, acid soils, features showy pinkish-red flowers along upright spikes in later winter through spring; requires organic highly acidic soil, full sun and absolutely no standing water



*Sherwood's Early Red Heath flowers*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

**Ornamental Features**

Sherwood's Early Red Heath is smothered in stunning spikes of red bell-shaped flowers rising above the foliage from late winter to early spring. It has light green evergreen foliage. The tiny needles remain light green throughout the winter.

**Landscape Attributes**

Sherwood's Early Red Heath is a multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a mounded form. It lends an extremely fine and delicate texture to the landscape composition which should be used to full effect.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It is a good choice for attracting bees to your yard. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Sherwood's Early Red Heath is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens



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### **Planting & Growing**

Sherwood's Early Red Heath will grow to be about 8 inches tall at maturity extending to 12 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 24 inches. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 20 years.

This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. Consider covering it with a thick layer of mulch in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.

*\* This is a 'special order' plant - contact store for details*