



beechwood  
gardens

SPECIALTY GARDEN CENTER



## Spring Squills\*

*Scilla sibirica*

Plant Height: 4 inches

Flower Height: 6 inches

Spread: 4 inches

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Other Names: Bluebells

### Ornamental Features

Spring Squills features dainty spikes of blue bell-shaped flowers rising above the foliage in early spring. Its grassy leaves remain green in color throughout the season.

### Landscape Attributes

Spring Squills is an herbaceous perennial with an upright spreading habit of growth. It brings an extremely fine and delicate texture to the garden composition and should be used to full effect.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Spring Squills is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- General Garden Use
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens

### Planting & Growing

Spring Squills will grow to be only 4 inches tall at maturity extending to 6 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 4 inches. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 5 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen! As this plant tends to go dormant in summer, it is best interplanted with late-season bloomers to hide the dying foliage.



*Spring Squills flowers*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



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This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. Consider covering it with a thick layer of mulch in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This species is not originally from North America. It can be propagated by multiplication of the underground bulbs.

*\* This is a 'special order' plant - contact store for details*