



## Conners Japanese Holly\*

*Ilex crenata* 'Conners'

Height: 15 feet

Spread: 10 feet

Sunlight: ☉ ☐

Hardiness Zone: 4b

Other Names: Box-leaved Holly

### Description:

Valued for its extremely colorful red berries and attractive evergreen foliage during the winter; its conical, compact growth habit makes it perfect for smaller landscapes

### Ornamental Features

Conners Japanese Holly is primarily grown for its highly ornamental fruit. It features an abundance of magnificent red berries in late fall. It has attractive dark green evergreen foliage. The small glossy pointy leaves are highly ornamental and remain dark green throughout the winter.

### Landscape Attributes

Conners Japanese Holly is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a distinctive and refined pyramidal form. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It is a good choice for attracting birds and bees to your yard. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Conners Japanese Holly is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens

### Planting & Growing

Conners Japanese Holly will grow to be about 15 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 10 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 50 years or more.



*Conners Japanese Holly foliage*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



beechwood  
gardens

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This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers to grow in moist to wet soil, and will even tolerate some standing water. It is particular about its soil conditions, with a strong preference for rich, acidic soils. It is quite intolerant of urban pollution, therefore inner city or urban streetside plantings are best avoided, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.

*\* This is a 'special order' plant - contact store for details*